# Physiotherapy Support Personnel A Guide for Physiotherapists

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Support personnel assist the physiotherapist<sup>1</sup> in the application of treatment techniques and modalities characteristic of their professional training and clinical judgment. Physiotherapy support personnel job titles shall include the physiotherapy/rehabilitation assistant (group 1) or the physiotherapy/ rehabilitation aide (group 2).

### **GENERAL PRINCIPLES**

- Support personnel must work under the supervision of a physiotherapist.
- Physiotherapists maintain responsibility and accountability for the quality of the supervision provided.
- Physiotherapists are required to make a judgment about the knowledge, skills and abilities of the support personnel prior to assigning tasks.
- Decision to delegate to the support personnel includes factors such as education, training, competence, the environment and the client needs.
- Physiotherapists are to obtain informed consent from each client for the involvement of a physiotherapy support personnel in the delivery of their physiotherapy treatment plan.

Support personnel vary in their level of preparation, in the amount and type of education and/or training. The Nova Scotia College of Physiotherapists accepts these groupings as defined below:

# Physiotherapy/Rehabilitation Assistant (Group 1 Physiotherapy Support Personnel)

The educational background of <u>all</u> physiotherapy/rehabilitation assistants includes *all* of the following:

- A curriculum that prepares students for physiotherapy practice models in Canada.
- 2. A broadly ranging curriculum to match the variety of physiotherapy environments and client populations.
- 3. A college diploma/certificate from a recognized post-secondary program that includes a minimum of three terms full time equivalent study of which:
  - One term's equivalent must be in physiotherapy-specific coursework (e.g., use of ambulatory aids, electrotherapy modality instruction, the principles of therapeutic exercise) that includes classroom and laboratory work; and
  - One term's equivalent in physiotherapist-supervised training/fieldwork; and
  - One term's equivalent of generic, program related coursework (e.g., anatomy, physiology)
- 4. Educational program faculty includes registered physiotherapist(s).

## Physiotherapy/Rehabilitation Aide (Group 2 Physiotherapist Support Personnel)

The educational background of  $\underline{all}$  physiotherapy/rehabilitation aides includes  $\underline{all}$  of the following:

- 1. Completion of 'on-the-job' training that:
  - Prepares the personnel for the provision of physiotherapy services in that specific work setting.
  - Is directed by a licensed physiotherapist.
  - Is physiotherapy-specific.
  - Can be variable in length and content depending on the background of the support personnel and the needs of the client(s).
- Physiotherapy/rehabilitation aides may have various levels and types
  of formal education, but their education does not meet all aspects of
  the criteria for physiotherapy/rehabilitation assistants.
- Guidelines for on-the-job training are available through the NSCP at <u>www.nsphysio.com</u> and are available to licensed physiotherapists only.

It is assumed that Physiotherapy/Rehabilitation Aides are a heterogeneous group with a large variation in educational background. As a result, fewer assumptions about knowledge, skills and attitudes can be made of everyone within this group.

### PHYSIOTHERAPIST RESPONSIBILITIES:

The physiotherapist maintains responsibility for the physiotherapy treatment delivered to all clients under his/her care. It is, therefore, <u>always</u> the responsibility of the physiotherapist to:

- Interpret referrals and obtain informed consent,
- Conduct initial and ongoing assessments of the client and interpret the findings,
- Formulate the treatment plan, with goals, in consultation with the client,
- Decide what, if any, components or modifications of the treatment plan can be safely delegated to a physiotherapy support personnel,
- Ensure appropriate documentation,
- Re-evaluate and/or modify treatment plan and goals,
- Provide appropriate education to clients, families and other caregivers,
- Conduct discharge planning.

The physiotherapist is accountable for the appropriate assignment of duties to the physiotherapy support personnel under his/her supervision, and shall not delegate to a less qualified person:

- Any task that the physiotherapist has not observed the support personnel perform competently, or
- Any task that requires the unique skill, knowledge and judgment of a physiotherapist, or
- A task or procedure in a situation where risk requires the continuous clinical judgment of a physiotherapist.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Physiotherapy, physiotherapist, physical therapy, physical therapist, physiothe □rapeute, physiothe □rapie, PT, and pht are official marks used with permission.